Name			
Frederick Douglass—Chapters 10 and 11			
Chapters 10 1. Why does Mr. Covey whip Frederick?			
2. Why are the slaves so fearful of Mr. Covey? Why does their work go o in his absence?			
3. Why is it "never safe to stop a single minute"?			
4. Why does Mr. Covey buy a slave to use as a breeder?			
5. Why does he hire Mr. Samuel Harrison, a married man? What irony does Frederick find in this?			
6. How does Mr. Covey succeed in breaking Frederick?			
7. How does Frederick succeed in again becoming a man?			
8. Why does Frederick go to Master Tomas Auld?			
9. Why does he return to Covey? Who convinces him to do so? What does Sandy Jenkins suggest that Frederick do?			
10. Who does Frederick win the fight with Mr. Covey?			
11. Why does Frederick contend that Mr. Covey does not turn him in?			
12. What would have happened to Frederick had Mr. Covey turned him in?			
13. Why is Frederick's battle with Mr. Covey "the turning-point in my career as a slave"?			
14. How are the holidays used to "disgust the slave with freedom"?			
15. Where does Frederick go after leaving Mr. Covey's on January 1, 1834?			

16. Who is his new master and how does he treat Frederick?
17. Why does Frederick include the anecdotes about the two religious slave holders Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Weeden? What point is he attempting to make?
18. Why and where does Frederick begin a Sabbath school? Why is it essential that the slaves tell no one about it?
19. What would the slaveholders like the slaves to do on the Sabbath? Why is this ironic?
20. Why does Frederick decide to include the slaves in his Sabbath school in his plans to obtain his freedom? Why is this dangerous?
21. Frederick makes the point that many slaves would "rather bear those ills we had, than to fly to others, that we knew not of." How does this help explain why so few slaves escaped?
22. How do the slaves plan to run away?
23. What is the purpose of the "protections written by Frederick?
24. What happens to each of the slaves who attempted to run away?
25. When Frederick returns to Baltimore, what does he do?
26. Frederick again decides to fight when he is attacked. What happens to him? What does Master Hugh attempt to do for Frederick?
27. What must Frederick do with the wages he earns each week as a caulker? Why?
<u>Chapter 11</u>1. For what two reasons does Frederick tell us that he cannot relate the means of his escape?
2. Why does he not approve of he underground railroad?

3. What does Master Hugh do to attempt to encourage Frederick to continue to earn money? What effect does his encouragement have?
4. What does Frederick ask of Master Thomas? What is he told?
5. What arrangement does Frederick eventually make with Master Hugh? Why is this arrangement to Master Hugh's advantage? Why does Frederick agree to it?
6. What does Mast Hugh do when he discovers that Frederick has left town to find work?
7. Why does Frederick decide to work hard despite the dissolution of their agreement?
8. When and to where does Frederick run away?
9. Why does he feel so lonely?
10. Who helps Frederick in New York? How?
11 How is it possible for Frederick and Anna to marry? Why is their marriage such an important event?
12. Why does Mr Ruggles suggest that Frederick not stay in New York and go to New Bedford, Massachusetts?
13 Why helps Frederick and Anna in New Bedford? What does he do for them?
14. Why did Frederick change his name so many times? Who chooses Douglass? Why?
15. What had Douglass believed about life in the North? Was he correct? What does he find about life in the North?
16. How were the wharves in New Bedford different from those in Baltimore?
17. What conditions did he find for "colored people"?

18. What does Douglass discover about prejudice against color in New Bedford?
19. How does Douglass make a living when he can't find work as a caulker?
20. How does Douglass become known to the "anti-slavery world"?
21. Why is Douglas at first reluctant to speak out against slavery?